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Rome, Sept. 18. *N. S.*

THE Pope grows weaker every day, and in all likelihood cannot hold out much longer; which makes the Cardinals very buſie in carrying on their Intrigues againſt the next Conclave. Cardinal *Carpegna* ſeems to have the beſt Intereſt at preſent, and to have the feweſt Objections made againſt him by the ſeveral Parties; but there are 13 or 14 Cardinals more, who are talked of as the moſt likely to come in Nomination. Cardinal *Santa Croce* having excuſed himſelf from accepting the Biſhoprick of *Viterbo*, the Pope offered it to Cardinal *Tanara*, who has likewiſe refuſed it. The Letter which Cardinal *de Bouillon* lately writ to the Moſt Chriſtian King, to juſtifie his late Conduct, is ſent back without being opened. The ſaid Cardinal lives in the mean time very privately in the Jeſuits College.

Turin, Sept. 18. The Duke of *Savoy* is perfectly recovered of his late Illneſs, and intends in few days to go to the Dutchy of *Savoy* to view the Fortifications of *Montmeillan*, and other Places. There is Advice, that 200 Perſons, who were baniſhed out of the Province of *Mondovi* on account of the late Rebellion, have ſurprized the Caſtle of *Penzone* in the State of *Mantua*, which they are fortifying.

Milan, Sept. 18. A General Review was lately taken of all the Forces in this Dutchy, and Orders are given for recruiting them. The Marquis of *Patigno*, who was ſent ſome time ago with the Character of Envoy Extraordinary from the King of *Spain* to the Duke of *Parma*, having finiſhed his Negociation, returned hither this day. A conſiderable Sum of Money is ſent to the *Spaniſh* Ambaſſador in *Switzerland*, to pay the Arrears due to the *Swiſs* Forces that were in the Service of this State.

Genoua, Sept. 19. The 10 *French* Galleys, commanded by the Bailly *de Noailles*, continue in this Port, expecting Orders from the *French* Court to return to *Marſeilles*. Four Galleys belonging to this Republick are cruizing againſt the Ships of *Barbary*. Signior *Albizo*, Envoy from *Spain*, who is appointed to go with the ſame Character to the Court of *Turin*, has received Orders to put off his Journey thither till the arrival of the Marquis of *Montreal*, who is coming to reſide here in his room. 'Tis ſaid, that the Senate of *Genoua* continue their Reſolution to make *Delle Spezza* a Free Port, though they have not yet made any Publick Declaration in this Matter.

From the Saxon *Camp before* Riga, *Sept.* 23. N. S. On the 21ſt Inſtant, 3000 *Saxons*, under the Command of Duke *Ferdinand* of *Courland*, marched from hence to attack the Fort of *Kockenhuyſen*, belonging to the *Swedes*, and ſeveral Pieces of Cannon were ſent after them. And we hear, that upon Advice of the march of theſe Troops, Count *Welling* with the *Swediſh* Forces is approached nearer to *Kockenhuyſen*; but 'tis believed, the Body of Troops commanded by Major General *La Forreſt*, who were ſent out of the Camp ſome days ago to obſerve him, will be able to hinder his relieving that Place. The King of *Poland* has ſet at liberty all the *Swediſh* Priſoners that were in his Camp; and Count *Dahlberg*, the Governor of *Riga*, has in like manner releaſed all the *Saxons* and others who were taken Priſoners by the *Swedes*. Two Troops of *Lithuanian* Horſe, of 70 Men each, came laſt week to our Camp, being ſent by the Great Chancellor of that Dutchy, and the Under-Chancellor arrived two days ago with a Company of Foot; But the Standard-Bearer of *Samogitia* having Summoned together the Gentlemen of that Province in order to join the King's Forces, a Letter was ſent to them by their Caſtellan, repreſenting that they were not regularly aſſembled, and that the Laws and Conſtitution of their Country do not allow of their marching out of the Kingdom without leave from the Republick, much leſs to attack a Nation with whom they are in Friendſhip and Alliance; This wrought ſuch a change, and incenſed them againſt their Standard-Bearer to ſuch a degree, that they preſently ſeparated, and he eſcaped their Fury with much difficulty. 'Tis ſaid, the King's quitting his Deſign of attacking *Riga*, has given great Diſſatisfaction to ſome of the great Officers of *Poland*, who had particular Reaſons to deſire it, and particularly to the Biſhop of *Szomeiten*, who expected to be made Archbiſhop of the ſame.

Copenhagen, Octob. 2. The King of *Denmark* is very well recovered; The Queen has alſo been indiſpoſed, but is much better. The King has ordered ſeveral of his General Officers and Miniſters of State to give him an Account in Writing of their Thoughts concerning the Diſbanding part of his Forces, and ſetting up in their ſtead a ſtanding Militia, for the Defence of the Country upon any ſudden occaſion. Counſellor *Jeſſen* is appointed to go with the Character of Ambaſſador to the Court at *Vienna*, and has reſign'd his Place of Secretary of State, and the ſame is given to the Heer *Sette*, the King's Envoy at the Court of *Sweden*, who is recalled, and is to be ſucceeded in that Employment by the Heer *Wieburgh*. Count *Chamilly*, the *French* Ambaſſador, is returned hither from *Hamburgh*; The Duke of *Wirtemberg* has put off his departure to *Holland* till the King's perfect Recovery.

Vienna, Sept. 25. The Imperial Court continues at *Eberſdorf*. A Propoſal has been made to the Emperor by ſeveral Perſons, who are willing to undertake the Repairing of the Fortifications of *Briſac*. 'Tis ſaid, the Emperor intends to take into his Service 7000 Men of the Elector Palatine's Forces. A Liſt has been ſent hither by Count *Oting*, the Emperor's Ambaſ-